

Essentials Report

Smith Company

Valuation Date: September 30, 2021 Report Date: October 22, 2021

ABOUT YOUR



October 22, 2021

VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL

Ms. Sally Smith Street Address City, State and Zip

Re: Sample Report of Smith Company

Dear Ms. Smith,

We are pleased to provide you with our Sample Report - Essentials Report of Smith Company (SCC).

Within this report, you will find a market-based valuation and asset value of your company. All methods are explained and the calculations are provided. The report includes the historic financials of the company as well as the adjusted financials, which were the basis of the valuation.

Your Sample Report - Essentianals Report is valuable for planning purposes but does not take the place of a certified appraisal. You can learn more about certified appraisals and the benefits of having one performed later in this report.

You can contact us directly should you have any questions or would like to conduct a certified business appraisal at any point in the future.

Best regards,

Firm Name

Firm Name



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ABOUT YOUR INFORMATIONAL Sample Report

Overview of the report and contents



ABOUT YOUR

The purpose of this valuation and analysis is to provide you with a valuation based on the financial information you supplied as well as market-based information we obtained from subscription services, including comparable transactions and industry benchmarking.

You can use this report for planning purposes. This report is not "certified" and cannot be used for IRS or legal purposes. You can learn more about certified valuations and the benefits of having one performed at the end of this report. At your convenience, you can ask us about obtaining a certified valuation from your advisor or our Certified Valuation Analyst.

What is the Standard of Value for this report? The standard of value for this report is fair market value.

There are three standards of value to consider when valuing a business; the most common standard of value is fair market value. All three standards of value are defined below for your knowledge and information.

1) Fair Value - There are multiple meanings of fair value, depending on the purpose of the valuation. Fair value usually produces a more conservative value than fair market value or investment value.

2) Fair Market Value - "The price at which the property would change hands between a willing buyer and a willing seller, when the former is not under any compulsion to buy and the latter is not under any compulsion to sell, both parties having reasonable knowledge of relevant facts." – IRS as defined by Revenue Ruling 59-60

3) Investment Value - The value/price a particular investor is willing to pay based on individual investment requirements and expectations. Investment value usually produces a higher value than fair market value or fair value.

What Premise of Value was assumed for my valuation?

The premise of value is an assumption regarding the most likely set of transactional circumstances that may be applicable to the valuation of your company (e.g., going concern, liquidation). This report was prepared using the premise that **your company is a going concern**. This means your business is an ongoing operating business enterprise.

Were there any assumptions and limiting conditions?

Yes, we assumed the financial information and all other data you provided us was true and accurate. We did not verify the information. This is the same assumption we placed on the data retrieved from subscription data services and/or publicly available information used. This valuation provides insight and information regarding your company's value and should be insightful for planning purposes.

So, what's my business worth?

Well, that's the million dollar question and while this report is not a certified appraisal, it will provide you with valuable information to help you make informed decisions.

In Section 2 of this report, you are shown a valuation range for your business; this range is based upon two valuation approaches (market and asset) as well as various valuation methods. You can find a description of each valuation method in Section 2.

The value of your business will likely fall within this range or be close, but there is no guarantee. You will also see a "likely" or "suggested" price based on the median value of the comparable transactions. However, it's important that you also look at the profitability of your company and how it benchmarks to the industry to fully understand how your company performs relative to its industry peers as this will influence your company's valuation. Let us know if you'd like your company benchmarked and we'll

WHEN TO USE YOUR VALUATION

When should you use this non-certified valuation?

This non-certified report is a valuable tool that can be used by business owners for many reasons, including:

- Decision on whether or not to sell your business
- Discussions with your business advisor on how to price your business to sell
- Strategic planning
- Retirement planning
- Succession planning
- Early-stage estate planning
- Many more reasons

When should you use a certified valuation?

It is important to know that while this non-certified valuation report is insightful and helpful to business owners like you in many ways, the report is not a certified valuation and should not be used for many reasons, including:

- Negotiations for Mergers and Acquisitions
- Negotiations for Sales and Divestitures
- Buy/Sell Agreements
- Share Redemptions
- Partner & Shareholder Buyouts
- Marital Dissolutions
- Gift & Estate Planning
- Employee Benefit Plans
- Business Litigation



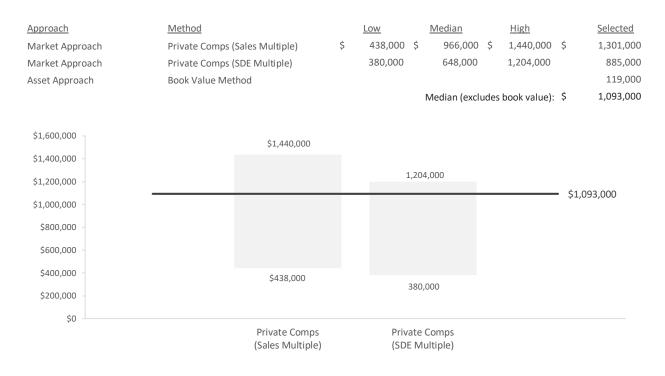
Overview of the valuation



VALUATION SUMMARY EQUITY VALUE

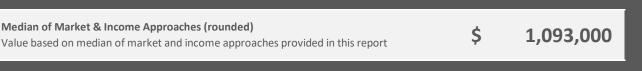
The purpose of this Sample Report and analysis is to provide you with a valuation based on the financial information you supplied as well as market-based information we obtained from subscription services, including comparable transactions and industry benchmarking.

The market and asset approaches were considered to value the equity of the Company. The following pages of Section 2 provide the calculations and explanations for each of the values shown below for the Company. The graph below marks the "selected" values of the market methods chosen to value the Company. The selected values represent the 75th percentile of the market comparable transactions based on the Company's past performance. The graph also shows the values based on the 10th, median, and 90th percentiles of the market approach methods. The Company's value could be closer to these extreme low/high values based on current market conditions and the Company's performance (i.e., benchmarking) vs. its industry.



VALUATION - MEDIAN OF APPROACHES

Based on the valuation approaches decribed in this report, below is the median value of SCC (excluding book value).



MARKET APPROACH

The concept underlying the Market Approach is that the value of your business can be determined by reference to reasonably comparable guideline companies (comps) for which transaction values are known. The values may be known because these companies are publicly traded or because they are privately held, recently sold and the terms of the transaction were disclosed.

Market Approach - Valuation Methods What are common market valuation methods?

There are three common methods generally accepted in the market approach:

- 1. Comparable Private Transaction Method
- 2. Guideline Public Company Method
- 3. Prior Sales of Interest in Subject Company

Which method was used to value SCC?

We prepared a valuation of SCC utilizing the comparable private transaction method because of the availability of data of past private transactions.

The comparable private transaction method utilizes financial and market data from privately held company transactions of firms engaged in business similar to those of the subject company. Pricing multiples are derived from transactions that include acquisitions and sales of entire companies, divisions, or large blocks of shares.

A search of several subscription-based databases such as DealStats, BIZCOMPS and/or ValueSource was conducted to find transactions involving target companies using NAICS code(s) 442291.

The search for comparable transactions was limited to transactions closing after December 31, 2016. We eliminated companies from the search that reported less than one-tenth or greater than ten times the revenue of the Company earned over the period under review. There were 24 unique transactions found within the databases with this search criteria.

What multiple was used to value SCC?

The transactions that met the criteria described above were used to calculate the mutiples used for this valuation. You will see the range of mutiples used to the right - ranging from the 10th percentile to the 90th percentile.

When should the sales (and SDE) multiples be used?

The sales multiple is useful when a company has sales less than \$1-2 million and it is recognized that many buyers and owners believe they already know how much they can bring down to the bottom line. Valuations have been performed utilizing both multiples. In some cases, we will also value companies with revenue less than \$2 million with a seller's discretionary earnings (SDE) multiple.

When should the EBITDA multiple be used?

The EBITDA multiple is good to consider when your company has sales greater than \$1-2 million. This "Essentials Report" does not include EBITDA as it is designed for companies with annual sales less than \$2 million.

Summary of Transaction Multiples for SCC

	Sales Multiple	SDE Multiple
10th Percentile	0.19	1.20
25th Percentile	0.27	1.52
Mean	0.42	2.35
Median	0.43	2.05
75th Percentile	0.57	2.80
90th Percentile	0.63	3.81

How were the mulitples applied to SCC?

The sales and SDE transaction multiples are applied to the sales and SDE streams of the Company. For this informational valuation, the last three years of sales and SDE were reviewed and a weighted average was calculated. When weights in excess of one are applied to a particular year (or years), the benefit stream (i.e., sales, SDE) will be more weighted to those years. The assumption is that the more heavily weighted years are a more reliable indicator of future performance than the year (or years) weighted less.

MARKET APPROACH SALES MULTIPLE

Calculation of SCC's Sales Base

Company Valuation (Sales Multiple)

1,301,000

	Preceding 12 Months				2019	2018	
Revenue	\$ 2,658,928	\$	2,233,059	\$	2,044,948	\$ 2,152,708	-
Weight on Revenue	ue 1		1		1	1	S
							Ŧ
0	\$	2,272,411					
SELECTED ONGOING	\$	2,272,000					

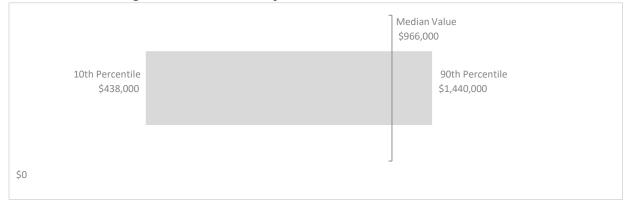
Calculation of SCC's Value Using Sales Multiple

		Sales Multiple												
		10 th PCTL		25 th PCTL		Mean		Median		75 th PCTL		90 th PCTL		
Sales Base	\$	2,272,000	\$	2,272,000	\$	2,272,000	\$	2,272,000	\$	2,272,000	\$	2,272,000		
Multiple	_	0.19x		0.27x		0.42x		0.43x		0.57x		0.63x		
Ongoing Value	\$	438,496	\$	619,120	\$	950,453	\$	965,600	\$	1,300,720	\$	1,440,448		
Adjusted Balance Sheet Debt		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Subtotal	\$	438,496	\$	619,120	\$	950,453	\$	965,600	\$	1,300,720	\$	1,440,448		
Adjustment*		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Indicated Equity Value	\$	438,000	\$	619,000	\$	950,000	\$	966,000	\$	1,301,000	\$	1,440,000		

What does this range of values for SCC mean?

The values for the Company range from the low (10th percentile) to the high (90th percentile) as well as the two values that represent the central tendency (the mean and median). The mean is the arithmetic average and is computed by adding up the given set of multiples and dividing by their count. The median is the middle number in an ordered list (when the numbers are sorted numerically, the median is the middle number in the set). If the median is higher than the mean, outliers may be causing a downward bias to the mean. Alternatively, if the median as it is usually most representative of the central tendency of the retrieved multiples as outliers can dramatically impact the mean, whereas the median is less affected. You can also compare the Company's profitability to that of its industry to determine if you should use the value representative of its profitability benchmarking.

SCC's Valuation Range Based on Sales Multiples:



MARKET APPROACH SDE MULTIPLE

Calculation of SCC's SDE Base

2018			
54,167			
-			
331			
10,000			
64,498			
L			
6			

Company Valuation (SDE Multiple)



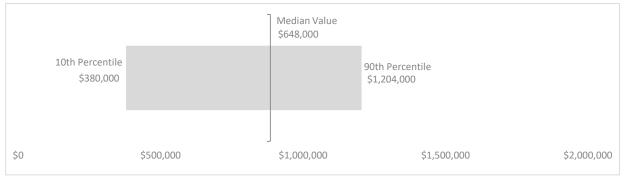
Calculation of SCC's Value Using SDE Multiple

		SDE Multiple											
	1	LO th PCTL	2	25 th PCTL		Mean		Median		75 th PCTL		90 th PCTL	
SDE Base	\$	316,000	\$	316,000	\$	316,000	\$	316,000	\$	316,000	\$	316,000	
Multiple		1.20x		1.52x		2.35x		2.05x		2.80x		3.81x	
Ongoing Value	\$	380,464	\$	480,320	\$	742,414	\$	647,800	\$	884,800	\$	1,203,960	
Adjusted Balance Sheet Debt		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Subtotal	\$	380,464	\$	480,320	\$	742,414	\$	647,800	\$	884,800	\$	1,203,960	
Adjustment*		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Indicated Equity Value (rounded)	\$	380,000	\$	480,000	\$	742,000	\$	648,000	\$	885,000	\$	1,204,000	

What does this range of values for SCC mean?

The values for the Company range from the low (10th percentile) to the high (90th percentile) as well as the two values that represent the central tendency (the mean and median). The mean is the arithmetic average and is computed by adding up the given set of multiples and dividing by their count. The median is the middle number in an ordered list (when the numbers are sorted numerically, the median is the middle number in the set). If the median is higher than the mean, outliers may be causing a downward bias to the mean. Alternatively, if the median as it is usually most representative of the central tendency of the retrieved multiples as outliers can dramatically impact the mean, whereas the median is less affected. You can also compare the Company's profitability to that of its industry to determine if you should use the value representative of its profitability benchmarking.

SCC's Valuation Range Based on SDE Multiples:



ASSET APPROACH BOOK VALUE METHOD

The Asset Approach places primary emphasis on the value of the assets net of liabilities of your business. This approach is widely used for holding and investment companies, and is also valid for companies with negative earnings and/or near (or in) liquidation or bankruptcy.

Asset Approach - Valuation Methods What are common asset valuation methods?

There are two common methods generally accepted in the asset approach:

- 1. Book Value Method
- 2. Adjusted Net Assets Method

Book Value Method

The book value method is a well-known method that relies on the reported figures of the Company's assets and liablities found on the balance sheet. It should be recognized, however, that under the book value concept, assets are reported in accordance with various accounting conventions that may or may not accurately reflect current value.

Adjusted Net Assets Method

The adjusted net assets method is used to value a business based on the difference between the fair market value of the business assets and its liabilities. Under this method the book value of the assets are adjusted to fair market value (generally measured as replacement cost or liquidation value) and then reduces the total adjusted value of assets by the fair market value of all recorded and unrecorded liabilities. Both tangible and identifiable intangible assets are to be valued in determining total adjusted net assets. This method can be used to derive a total value for the business or for component parts of the business and is a particularly sound method for estimating the value of a non-operating business (e.g., holding or investment companies). It is also a good method for estimating value of a business that continues to generate losses or which is to be liquidated in the near future.

Company Valuation (Asset Approach)

\$119,000

Which method was used to value SCC?

We prepared a valuation of SCC utilizing the book value method because the Company did not provide the current market values of its assets and liablities so the book values were used.

Value of SCC - Book Value Method

	Period Ended December 31, 2021
Book Value of Net Assets	\$127,786
Less: Book Value of Liabilities	(8,294)
Indicated Value	119,492
SELECTED VALUE (rounded)	\$119,000

3 FINANCIAL OVERVIEW OF SMITH COMPANY

Snapshot of SCC's financial statements



HISTORIC FINANCIALS

The summarized historical results of operations and the financial position of the Company are presented so one can better assess SCC's historic earnings and profitablity. See below for the results of the preceding 12 months, the annual results for years 2018 - 2020 as well as the Company's 3-year average.

Income			receeding 2 Months		2020	2019		2018	3	-YR AVG
	Revenue	\$	2,658,928	\$2	2,233,059	\$ 2,044,948	\$2	2,152,708	\$2	2,143,572
	COGS		1,773,172		1,521,728	1,353,905		1,298,207		1,391,280
	Gross Profit		885,755		711,331	691,043		854,501		752,292
	Gross Profit %		33.3%		31.9%	33.8%		39.7%		35.1%
	Operating Expenses		632,924		558,260	641,127		779,249		659,545
	Operating Profit		252,831		153,071	49,916		75,252		92,746
	Other Income/(Expenses)		-		-	-		7,684		2,561
	Pre-Tax Income		252,831		153,071	49,916		82,936		95,308
	Pre-Tax Income %		9.5%		6.9%	2.4%		3.9%		4.4%
Assets	Cash	ć	146.072	ć	154 022	ć 20.014	ć	22.075	ć	CE 040
	Accounts Receivable	\$	146,973	\$	154,832	\$ 20,014	Ş	22,975	\$	65,940
	Inventory		(25,561)		-	-		-		-
	Other Current Assets		-		(7.25.4)	- 89,321		- 40,716		- 40,928
	Total Current Assets		- 121,412		(7,254) <i>147,578</i>	109,335		63,691		106,868
	Net Fixed Assets		121,412		147,378	109,555		05,091		100,808
	Intangible Assets		1,000		1,179	1,299		1,499		1,326
	Other Non-Current		5,374		-	1,200		-		-
	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	127,786	\$	148,757	\$ 110,634	\$	65,190	Ś	108,194
Liabilities & Equity	Accounts Payable	\$	(11,831)	¢ \$	(11,335)			11,381	\$	19,239
Equity	Short Term Notes Payable	Ş	(11,051)	Ş	(11,555)	\$ 57,072	Ş	11,501	Ş	19,259
	Current Portion of LT Debt		-		-	-		-		-
	Other Current Liabilities		3,537		2,735	4,409		553		2,566
	Total Current Liabilities		(8,294)		(8,600)	62,081		11,934		21,805
	Long Term (Bank) Debt		(0,294)		(8,000)	02,001		11,954		21,803
	Other Non-Current Liabilities				- 72,639	6 5 90		6 5 9 0		28 606
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	ć	-	ć		6,589	ć	6,589	ć	28,606
		\$ ¢	(8,294)	\$ ¢	64,039	\$ 68,670	\$ ¢	18,523	\$	50,411
	TOTAL EQUITY TOTAL LIABILITIES & EQUITY	\$ \$	136,080 127,786	\$ \$	84,718 148,757	\$ 41,964 \$ 110,634	\$ \$	46,667 65,190	\$	57,783 <i>108,194</i>
		ې	127,700	Ş	140,737	γ 110,054	Ş	05,150	Ş	100,134

ADJUSTED FINANCIALS

The summarized adjusted results of operations and the financial position of the Company are presented below. It is sometimes necessary to make certain adjustments to better reflect a company's future earnings potential, as was the case with SCC.

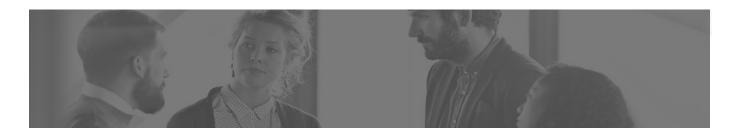
Adjusted			receeding 2 Months		2020		2019		2018	3	-YR AVG
Income	Revenue	\$	2,658,928	\$2	2,233,059	\$2	2,044,948	\$2	2,152,708	\$2	2,143,572
	COGS		1,773,172		1,521,728		1,353,905	-	1,298,207		1,391,280
	Gross Profit		885,755		711,331		691,043		854,501		752,292
	Gross Profit %		33.3%		31.9%		33.8%		39.7%		35.1%
	Operating Expenses		545,899		483,950		588,832		708,018		593,600
	Operating Profit		339,856		227,381		102,211		146,483		158,692
	Other Income/(Expense)		-		-		-		7,684		2,561
	Pre-Tax Income		339,856		227,381		102,211		154,167		161,253
	Pre-Tax Income %		12.8%		10.2%		5.0%		7.2%		7.5%
Adjusted Assets	Cash	\$	146,973	Ś	154,832	Ś	20,014	\$	22,975	\$	65,940
7100010	Accounts Receivable	Ŷ	(25,561)	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	-
	Inventory		()		-		_		-		-
	Other Current Assets		-		(7,254)	\$	89,321	\$	40,716		40,928
	Total Current Assets		121,412		147,578		109,335		63,691		106,868
	Net Fixed Assets		-		-		-		-		-
	Intangible Assets		1,000		1,179		1,299		1,499		1,326
	Other Non-Current		5,374		-		-		-		-
	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	127,786	\$	148,757	\$	110,634	\$	65,190	\$	108,194
Adjusted											
Liabilities &	Accounts Payable	\$	(11,831)	\$	(11,335)	\$	57,672	\$	11,381	\$	19,239
Equity	Short Term Notes Payable		-		-		-		-		
	Current Portion of LT Debt		-		-		-		-		
	Other Current Liabilities		3,537		2,735		4,409		553		2,566
	Total Current Liabilities		(8,294)		(8,600)		62,081		11,934		
	Long Term (Bank) Debt		-		-		-		-		-
	Other Non-Current Liabilities		-		72,639		6,589		6,589		28,606
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	(8,294)	\$	64,039	\$	68,670	\$	18,523	\$	50,411
	TOTAL EQUITY	\$	136,080	\$	84,718	\$	41,964	\$	46,667		57,783
	TOTAL LIABILITIES & EQUITY	\$	127,786	\$	148,757	\$	110,634	\$	65,190	\$	108,194

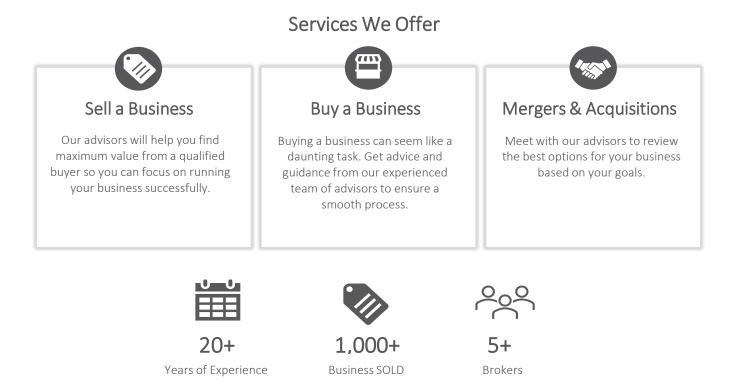
4 ABOUT US

Background on the firm and why clients choose to work with us











About Us

We assist in the purchase and sale of main street to mid-market businesses. Our services include helping companies to secure a favorable price, submitting paperwork correctly and fulfilling licensing and permitting requirements.

5 ABOUT YOUR BROKER

Learn more about your business broker & advisor



ABOUT YOUR BROKER



John Novartis

Senior Business Advisor

Phone: (123) 456-0001 Email:

Certifications

- Certified Public Accountant
- Certified M&A Professional
- Certified Business Intermediary
- Licensed Real Estate Professional

Education

• BBA, University of Michigan

About

John brings 25 plus years of domestic and international business experience in various fields including information technology, retailing, hospitality, real estate investment, and sales. He understands the issues facing both business buyers and sellers having bought and successfully sold his own businesses in the past. His experience ranges from owning his own retail store to leading an ERP implementation team in a 200-person organization. Steve has also been investing in real estate since 1995 and has developed a keen understanding of the real estate market.

John earned his Certified Business Intermediary ("CBI") designation from the International Business Brokers Association in 2014. He has since been awarded the IBBA's Outstanding Producer Award four years in a row and the Consumer Choice Award for Best Business Broker in Southern Florida for the last two years. Past and present affiliations include the IBBA, Chamber of Commerce, BNI, and Toastmasters International.

6 CONTACT INFORMATION

You can contact us for your next step





Thank you for choosing us for your valuation needs! You can contact me anytime with questions about your Sample Report.